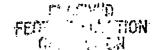
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#### **FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION**

## FIRST GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

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First General Counsel's Report

l MUR: 7108 2 DATE COMPLAINT FILED: July 18, 2016 3 DATE OF NOTIFICATION: July 25, 2016 DATE OF LAST RESPONSE: August 15, 2016 4 5 DATE ACTIVATED: September 30, 2016 6 7 EXPIRATION OF SOL: March 16, 2021 – June 8 19, 2021 **ELECTION CYCLE: 2016** 9 10 **COMPLAINANT:** Mary Patricia Dorsey 11 12 13 **RESPONDENTS:** Chappelle-Nadal for Congress and George Lenard in his official capacity as treasurer 14 Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal and Neva 15 Taylor in her official capacity as treasurer 16 Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her 17 18 official capacity as treasurer Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC 19 and Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as 20 treasurer 21 Linda Weaver 22 23 **RELEVANT STATUTES** 24 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b) AND REGULATIONS: 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(7)(B) 25 52 U.S.C. § 30125(e), (f) 26 27 11 C.F.R. § 104.13(a) 11 C.F.R. § 109.21 28 29 INTERNAL REPORTS CHECKED: None 30 31 32 **AGENCIES CHECKED:** None 33 I. INTRODUCTION 34 The 35 Complaint allege that Maria Chappelle-Nadal, a Missouri State Senator and 2016 candidate for the U.S. House of Representatives, 36 state 37 and federal campaign committees violated the soft money prohibitions in the Federal Election 38 Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"). The Complaint argue that Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal (the "State Committee") influenced Chappelle-Nadal's federal candidacy by 39

making contributions to state and local candidates

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l	Chappelle-Nadal for Congress (the "Federal Committee").
2	The Complaint also allege that the Federal Committee failed to comply with the Act's reporting
3	requirements, and that several state and local candidates in Missouri,
4	violated the Act's soft money prohibitions through their
5	involvement with the State and Federal Committees.
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8	We
9	recommend taking no action against the Federal Committee
0	We also recommend that
11	the Commission dismiss the allegation that Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her
12	official capacity as treasurer violated the Act by using soft money to pay for Chappelle-Nadal to
13	appear on a door hanger. Finally, we recommend finding no reason to believe that any of the
14	remaining Respondents violated the Act and that the Commission close the file for MUR 7108.
15	II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
16	In 2003, Chappelle-Nadal registered Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal with the
17	Missouri Ethics Commission. She successfully ran for the Missouri House of Representatives in
18	2004, 2006, and 2008, and for the Missouri State Senate in 2010 and 2014. <sup>2</sup> After the 2014
19	election, she was term-limited from running for the Missouri State Senate again. <sup>3</sup> At that time,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CO31173: Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal, Mo. ETHICS COMM'N, <a href="http://mec.mo.gov/MEC/Campaign\_Finance/CF11\_Comminfo.aspx">http://mec.mo.gov/MEC/Campaign\_Finance/CF11\_Comminfo.aspx</a> (last visited Jan. 30, 2017).

MO. CONST. art. III, § 8.

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- she had approximately \$200,000 in her State Committee's account. In January 2015,
- 2 Chappelle-Nadal amended the State Committee's Statement of Organization to reflect that she
- would be running for statewide office in 2020.5
- 4 Chappelle-Nadal also filed a Statement of Candidacy for Missouri's First Congressional
- 5 District on October 6, 2015, and on the same day she registered Chappelle-Nadal for Congress as
- 6 her principal campaign committee. As of October 29, 2015, the Federal Committee had
- 7 collected over \$5,000 in contributions, making Chappelle-Nadal a federal candidate under the
- 8 Act. She lost to her incumbent opponent in the August 2, 2016 Democratic Primary Election.
- 9 The Complaint allege that the Respondents violated the Act's soft
- money prohibition because (1) the State Committee used soft money to influence Chappelle-
- Nadal's congressional election; (2) other state and local candidates spent soft money in
- 12 connection with Chappelle-Nadal's federal election
- 13 8 The Act's soft money provision prohibits federal candidates,
- their agents, and entities established, financed, maintained, or controlled ("EFMC'd") by federal
- candidates from soliciting, receiving, directing, transferring, or spending funds "in connection"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 2014 30-Day After General Election Report, Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal (Dec. 4, 2014).

Amended Statement of Committee Organization, Citizens for Maria Chappelle-Nadal (Jan. 28, 2015).

Statement of Organization, Chappelle-Nadal for Congress (Oct. 6, 2015); Statement of Candidacy, Maria Chappelle-Nadal (Oct. 6, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2)(A) (stating that a person becomes a "candidate" when she receives contributions aggregating over \$5,000); 2015 Year-End Report, Chappelle-Nadal for Congress (Jan. 29, 2016).

Under Missouri law, candidates can accept unlimited contributions and contributions from corporations and labor unions. Mo. REV. STAT. §§ 130.011-.160 (providing no contribution limit); id. § 130.029 (stating that corporations and labor organizations may make contributions).

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with any federal or non-federal election unless the funds are in amounts and from sources

permitted by the Act.<sup>9</sup>

The Commission has provided guidance on the types of activities that are "in connection" with an election. Such activities include, but are not limited to: (1) contributing to a candidate committee; (2) contributing to a political party organization; (3) soliciting funds for a candidate committee; (4) expending funds to obtain information that will be shared with a candidate committee; (5) expressly advocating the election or defeat of a candidate; and (6) "federal election activity," as defined by the Act, which includes public communications referring to a clearly identified federal candidate and that promote, support, attack, or oppose ("PASO") a candidate for that office. <sup>10</sup>

A federal candidate who concurrently runs for state or local office may solicit, receive, and spend funds outside of the Act's amount and source limitations when the solicitations, receipts, and expenditures are solely in connection with her own state or local race. <sup>11</sup> Further, where this exception does not apply, a state committee can comply with the soft money provisions of the Act by using a reasonable accounting method to determine the amount of hard and soft money in its account and then use only the hard money to pay for activities in connection with other candidates' elections. <sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30125(e)(1)(A)-(B); 11 C.F.R. §§ 300.61-.62. The Commission has concluded that a federal candidate's state committee is an entity EFMC'd by the federal candidate. Advisory Op. 2007-26 (Schock) at 4 ("AO 2007-26"); Advisory Op. 2006-38 (Casey State Committee) at 4 ("AO 2006-38").

Advisory Op. 2009-26 (State Representative Coulson) at 5 ("AO 2009-26"); AO 2007-26 at 4; AO 2006-38 at 4. "Federal election activity" also includes voter registration activity within 120 days of a federal election; voter identification, get-out-the-vote activity, or generic campaign activity for a federal election; and services provided by certain employees of a political party. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(20); 11 C.F.R. § 100.24.

<sup>11 52</sup> U.S.C. § 30125(e)(2).

AO 2007-26 at 3; AO 2006-38 at 3. For this purpose, the Commission has approved as reasonable the "first in, first out" and "last in, first out" accounting methods. AO 2006-38 at 3. Other accounting methods may also be reasonable.

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10	Below we examine the application of the soft money prohibition to each of the
11	allegations in the Complaint
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7108 (Chappelle-Nadal for Congress, et al.)

The Complaint further allege that state and local candidates who received contributions from the State Committee, including Jay Mosley, Rochelle Walton Gray, and Linda Weaver, violated the Act by using soft money to pay for a door hanger supporting Chappelle-Nadal's congressional campaign.<sup>51</sup> The Complaint imply that Chappelle-Nadal instructed those candidates.

to use the contributions received from the State Committee to support her federal candidacy in this fashion.<sup>52</sup> The Complaint therefore make allegations against the Federal Committee, in addition to Mosley, Walton Gray, and Weaver, claiming that the door hanger

See Compl. (MUR 7108) at 1 (July 18, 2016).

	Page 16 of 25
1	were coordinated expenditures that the Federal Committee failed to disclose as in-kind
2 .	contributions. <sup>53</sup>
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5	also enclose a copy of the door hanger, which encourages
6	people to "Vote Democratic & Elect" Chappelle-Nadal and state and local candidates Jay
7	Mosley, Rochelle Walton Gray, Tony Weaver, and Linda Weaver. The door hanger has a
8	disclaimer that states, "Paid for by Citizens to Elect Gray, Angela Mosley, Treasurer & by
9	Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley, LLC, Angela Mosley, Treasurer."55
10	The Respondents deny any wrongdoing with regard to the door hanger
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Compl. (MUR 7108) at 1.

MUF 7108 (Chappelle-Nadal for Congress, et al.) First General Counsel's Report

<sup>55</sup> Compl. (MUR 7108), Attach. A.

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As to the door hanger displaying five candidates, the Federal Committee denies coordinating with Gray and Mosley in its creation and/or distribution. It states that the contributions made by the State Committee to Gray and Mosley were solely for the purpose of supporting their campaigns and any "[d]ecisions concerning expenditure of those funds, once contributed, were entirely at the discretion of the Gray and Mosley candidate committees."59 Mosley's committee, Gray's committee, and Linda Weaver also jointly responded to the Complaint stating that "there was no coordination, agreement or direction given . . . by Maria Chappelle Nadal that they were to include her congressional candidacy on said door hanger or on any campaign materials in exchange for the campaign contributions from her statewide campaign committee."60 They aver that the political organization to which they belonged asked them to include Chappelle-Nadal on the door hanger and that they did so without communicating with her.<sup>61</sup> The committees further state that, though it was their intention for Mosley's and Gray's

committees to share the cost of the door hanger, Gray's committee paid the entire cost of \$356.56.62 They attach a copy of the order confirmation, which bills Citizens to Elect Gray for 16

the door hangers. 63 17

Chappelle-Nadal for Congress & George Lenard in his Official Capacity as Treasurer Resp. (MUR 7108) at 2 (Aug. 15, 2016).

Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer, Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer & Linda Weaver Joint Resp. (MUR 7108) at 3.

Id.

<sup>62</sup> Id. at 2:

Id., Attach. F.

1	The Act prohibits state and local candidates from spending funds on public
2	communications that refer to a clearly identified candidate for federal office and PASO a
3	candidate for that office, unless the funds are in amounts and from sources permitted by the Act
4	and are subject to the Act's reporting requirements. <sup>64</sup> State and local candidate committees can
5	only make such expenditures if they employ a reasonable accounting method to be sure the
6	communication is paid for with federally permissible funds. <sup>65</sup>
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<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30125(f), cross-referencing id. § 30101(20)(A)(iii).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> AO 2007-26 at 3; AO 2006-38 at 3.

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### 2. Five-Candidate Door Hanger

As to the door hanger featuring Chappelle-Nadal and four non-federal candidates, the available evidence indicates that Citizens to Elect Gray, a Missouri political committee free to collect soft money, paid for the entirety of the communication. However, because Chappelle-Nadal occupied less than one-fifth of the space on the door hanger, the potential amount in violation is less than \$71.31 (\$356.56 ÷ 5).<sup>70</sup> Given this *de minimis* amount, and the fact that this is the only allegation against Citizens to Elect Gray, we recommend that the Commission dismiss the section 30125(f) allegation as a matter of prosecutorial discretion.<sup>71</sup> Furthermore, because there is no evidence that Linda Weaver or Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley paid for the door hanger, we recommend finding no reason to believe that they violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f).<sup>72</sup>

While each candidate occupied equal space on the front of the door hanger, the back of the door hanger was completely dedicated to Mosley and Gray. Compl. (MUR 7108), Attach. A.

<sup>71</sup> Heckler, 470 U.S. 821.

Tony Weaver was not named as a Respondent, and in any event, there is no evidence that he violated the § 30125(f) because he did not contribute to the door hanger.

l	As to the allegations against Chappelle-Nadal's Committees, the Respondents deny that
2	Chappelle-Nadal or either of her Committees directed Citizens to Elect Gray to make the door
3	hanger or told Citizens to Elect Gray how to use any of the funds contributed by the State
4	Committee. Because there is no evidence contradicting these statements, we recommend that the
5	Commission find no reason to believe that Chappelle-Nadal or her State and Federal Committee
6	violated the Act by directing the use of soft money for this door hanger, in violation of 52 U.S.C
7	§ 30125(e)(1)(A).73 Relatedly, because there is no evidence that the Federal Committee
8	coordinated with Citizens to Elect Gray in the creation and distribution of the door hanger,74 the
9	Federal Committee did not have to report the door hanger as an in-kind contribution. <sup>75</sup>
0	Therefore, we also recommend that the Commission find no reason to believe that the Federal
1	Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.13(a)'s reporting requirements.
2	As a result of these substantive recommendations, we recommend that the Commission
3	close the file as to MUR 7108, because we are not recommending that the Commission proceed
4	as to any of the allegations in that matter.
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<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30125(e)(1)(A) (prohibiting federal candidates from "spending" and "directing" soft money in connection with an election for federal office).

In order for an activity to be coordinated under the Commission's regulations, among other requirements, it must meet at least one of five enumerated conduct standards. 11 C.F.R. § 109.21(a)(3). Those standards are: request or suggestion; material involvement; substantial discussion; common vendor; and former employee or independent contractor. *Id.* § 109.21(c)(1)-(5); *see also* 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(7)(B). There is no evidence relating to any of these standards.

<sup>11</sup> C.F.R. § 109.21(b)(1) (stating that a coordinated communication must be reported in the same way as an in-kind contribution); see also 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(7)(B).

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MUR 7108 (Chappelle-Nadal for Congress, et al.) First General Counsel's Report Page 22 of 25

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MUR

First General Counsel's Report

Page 23 of 25 IV. **RECOMMENDATIONS** 1: 2. Dismiss the allegation that Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f); 

7108 (Chappelle-Nadal for Congress, et al.)

MUR -	7108 (Chappelle-Nadal for Congress, et al.)
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3	4.	Find no reason to believe that
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6		Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer, or
7		Linda Weaver violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125 (f)
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10	5,,	Close the file as to Chappelle-Nadal for Congress and George Lenard in his
11		official capacity as treasurer, Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her
12		official capacity as treasurer,
13		Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State
14	•	Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer, and
15	•	Linda Weaver;
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17	· 6.	Close MUR 7108;
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19	7.	Approve the attached Factual and Legal Analyses;
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27	10.	Approve the appropriate letters.
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31		Lisa J. Stevenson
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33 34		Acting General Counsel
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38	Date	Kathleen Guith
39		Associate General Counsel for Enforcement

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22	6.	Factual and Legal Analysis for Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her official
23	7	capacity as treasurer
24	7.	Factual and Legal Analysis for Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC and
25		Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer and Linda Weaver
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## FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

1 2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
3 4	RESPONDENT: Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley MUR: 7108 in her official capacity as treasurer
5 6 7 8	I. INTRODUCTION  This matter was generated by a Complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission
9	(the "Commission") by Mary Patricia Dorsey. The Complaint alleges that Missouri candidate
10	committee Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer violated
11	the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), by spending soft money to
12	print and distribute a door hanger supporting Maria Chappelle-Nadal's federal candidacy.
13	II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
14	A. Factual Background
15	The Complaint in this matter alleges that Citizens to Elect Gray paid for a door hanger
16	supporting Chappelle-Nadal for Congress. A copy of the door hanger is attached to the
17	Complaint. The door hanger encourages people to "Vote Democratic & Elect" Chappelle-Nadal
18	and state and local candidates Jay Mosley, Rochelle Walton Gray, Tony Weaver, and Linda
19	Weaver. The front of the door hanger has pictures of each candidate and, on the back, there is
20	more information about Jay Mosley and Rochelle Walton Gray and a disclaimer that states,
21	"Paid for by Citizens to Elect Gray, Angela Mosley, Treasurer & by Citizens to Elect Jay

Citizens to Elect Gray filed a Response stating that, though it was the candidates' original intention that Mosley's and Gray's committees share the cost of the door hanger, Citizens to

Mosley, LLC, Angela Mosley, Treasurer."2

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Compl. at 1 (July 8, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Id., Attach. A.

- 1 Elect Gray paid the entire cost of \$356.56.3 The Respondent attached a copy of the order
- 2 confirmation, which billed Citizens to Elect Gray for the door hangers.<sup>4</sup>

#### B. Legal Analysis

- The Act prohibits state and local candidates from spending funds on public
- 5 communications that refer to a clearly identified candidate for federal office and promote,
- 6 support, attack, or oppose a candidate for that office, unless the funds are in amounts and from
- 7 sources permitted by the Act, and are subject to the Act's reporting requirements.<sup>5</sup> Therefore,
- 8 state and local candidates can only make such expenditures if they employ a reasonable
- 9 accounting method to be sure the communication is paid for with hard money.<sup>6</sup>

10 A state or local candidate can, however, partner with federal candidates to produce a

communication supporting all of their campaigns. So long as each candidate pays for her

12 allocable share of the communication, no candidate is spending money to support any other.8

13 The Commission's regulations state that, when candidates partner to make a publication, they

Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer, Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer & Linda Weaver Joint Resp. at 3 (Aug. 9, 2016).

<sup>4</sup> Id., Attach. F.

<sup>5 52</sup> U.S.C. § 30125(f), cross-referencing id. § 30101(20)(A)(iii).

<sup>6</sup> Advisory Op. 2007-26 (Schock) at 3; Advisory Op. 2006-38 (Casey State Committee) at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 11 C.F.R. § 106.1(a).

Advisory Op. 2006-11 (Washington Democratic State Central Committee) at 3 ("AO 2006-11") (concluding that a state political party that wished to distribute a flier featuring one clearly identified federal candidate with other "generically referenced candidates of the State Party Committee" had to pay for the correct proportion of the space used to promote the non-federal candidates, or it would be making a contribution to the federal candidate or a coordinated expenditure with the federal candidate).

- 1 must allocate the costs based on "the proportion of space . . . devoted to each candidate as
- 2 compared to the total space . . . devoted to all candidates."9
- 3 Under Missouri law, candidates can accept unlimited contributions and contributions
- 4 from corporations and labor unions. 10 Therefore, Missouri allows candidates to collect funds in
- 5 excess of federal limitations and from sources prohibited by the Act, i.e. soft money. 11
- The available evidence here indicates that Citizens to Elect Gray, a Missouri political
- 7 committee free to collect soft money, paid for the entirety of the communication. However,
- 8 because Chappelle-Nadal occupied less than one-fifth of the space on the door hanger, the
- 9 potential amount in violation is less than \$71.31 ( $$356.56 \div 5$ ). Given this *de minimis* amount,
- the Commission dismisses Citizens to Elect Gray's 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f) violation as a matter of
- 11 prosecutorial discretion. 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 11 C.F.R. § 106.1(a). While this regulation applies only to expenditures made on behalf of "more than one clearly identified federal candidate," the Commission has applied the principle of allocation to situations in which only one federal candidate appears in a communication. See AO 2006-11 at 2-4.

MO. REV. STAT. §§ 130.011-.160 (providing no contribution limit); id. § 130.029 (stating that corporations and labor organizations may make contributions).

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30116(a)(i)(A) (providing the individual contribution limit); Contribution Limits for 2015-2016 Federal Elections, FED. ELECTION COMM'N, <a href="http://www.fec.gov/info/contriblimitschart1516.pdf">http://www.fec.gov/info/contriblimitschart1516.pdf</a> (last visited Jan. 30, 2017) (stating that the indexed individual contribution limit to a candidate and her authorized committee is \$2,700 per person, per election); see also 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a) (prohibiting corporations and labor unions from contributing to candidates and political committees).

<sup>12</sup> Heckler v. Chanev, 470 U.S. 821 (1985).

# FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

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2 3 4 5 6	RESPONDENTS: Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State MUR: 7108  Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer Linda Weaver		
7 8	I. INTRODUCTION		
9 10	This matter was generated by a Complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission		
11	(the "Commission") by Mary Patricia Dorsey. The Complaint alleges that Citizens to Elect Jay		
12	Mosley State Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her official capacity as treasurer,		
13	together with local candidate Linda Weaver (collectively, the "Respondents"), violated the		
14	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), by spending soft money to		
15	print and distribute a door hanger supporting Maria Chappelle-Nadal's federal candidacy.		
16	II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS		
17	A. Factual Background		
18	The Complaint in this matter alleges that the Respondents paid for a door hanger		
19	supporting Chappelle-Nadal for Congress.1 A copy of the door hanger is attached to the		
20	Complaint. The door hanger encourages people to "Vote Democratic & Elect" Chappelle-Nadal		
21	and state and local candidates Jay Mosley, Rochelle Walton Gray, Tony Weaver, and Linda		
22	Weaver. The front of the door hanger has pictures of each candidate and, on the back, there is		
23	more information about Jay Mosley and Rochelle Walton Gray and a disclaimer that states,		
24	"Paid for by Citizens to Elect Gray, Angela Mosley, Treasurer & by Citizens to Elect Jay		
25	Mosley, LLC, Angela Mosley, Treasurer."2		
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Compl. at 1 (July 8, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Id., Attach. A.

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1 The Respondents filed a Joint Response stating that, though it was the candidates'

- 2 original intention that Mosley's and Gray's committees share the cost of the door hanger,
- 3 Citizens to Elect Gray paid the entire cost of \$356.56.3 The Respondents attached a copy of the
- 4 order confirmation, which billed Citizens to Elect Gray for the door hangers.<sup>4</sup>

#### B. Legal Analysis

The Act prohibits state and local candidates from spending funds on public communications that refer to a clearly identified candidate for federal office and promote, support, attack, or oppose a candidate for that office, unless the funds are in amounts and from sources permitted by the Act, and are subject to the Act's reporting requirements. Therefore, state and local candidates can only make such expenditures if they employ a reasonable accounting method to be sure the communication is paid for with federally permissible funds.

The available evidence here indicates that Citizens to Elect Gray paid for the entirety of the communication. Therefore, because neither Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley nor Linda Weaver paid for the door hanger, the Commission finds no reason to believe that the Respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f).

Citizens to Elect Gray and Angela Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer, Citizens to Elect Jay Mosley State Committee LLC and Angela D. Mosley in her Official Capacity as Treasurer & Linda Weaver Joint Resp. at 3 (Aug. 9, 2016).

<sup>4</sup> Id., Attach. F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f), cross-referencing id. § 30101(20)(A)(iii).

Advisory Op. 2007-26 (Schock) at 3; Advisory Op. 2006-38 (Casey State Committee) at 3.